Numb. 5477.

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The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday October 13. to Tuesday October 16. 1716.

Madrid, October 5.

THIS Court is very intent on putting the Naval Force of the Kingdom into a better Condition, and rendring it sufficiently serviceable, as well for convoying the Flotas to and from the West Indies, as for hindring others from Trading directly to those Parts, or making Settlements there. To facilitate the Building and Maintaining of a Number of Men of War requisite for these Purposes, the King has resolved to make a general Reform among all his Forces, of a certain Number of every Troop and Company, and to reduce the Officers to Half-Pay in Time of Peace: By which a considerable Sum of Money would be saved, to be applied to the naval Service. This Reform and Reduction has been readily submitted to by all the Spanish Troops; but the Walloons pretend, that it is an Infraction of the Agreement on which they entred into the King's Service, by which it was stipulated that they should neither be reformed nor disbanded. The Duke d'Avré, Collonel of the Walloon Regiment of Guards, having made Representations hereupon to the King, in behalf of all the Walloon Troops, those Representations were over ruled; but he renewing them, and presuming to declare that the Walloons had rather be all disbanded than reformed, he was forbid the Court and the City of Madrid, and found himself obliged to retire to Guadalaxara; and the King has taken from him his Commission of Collonel of the said Guards, and given it to the Prince de Robeque. The Dutchess d'Avré is also dismissed from being Lady of the Bed Chamber to the Queen, and the Countess of Taboada is taken into her Room. The Marriage-Articles are settled between the Duke of Liria, Son of the Duke of Berwick, and the Sister of the Duke de Veraguas. On the 29th past, Mr. George Bubb, Minister and Plenipotentiary of the King of Great Britain, made his publick Entry into this City, and had his first publick Audience of his Catholick Majesty, as also afterwards of the Queen and of the Infantes.

Berne, Oct. 8. The Regents of this Canton had made earnest Representations to those of the Canton of Zurich, against their conferring the Office of Lieutenant-Bailliff of Baden on one of their own Burghers; notwithstanding which, those of Zurich thought fit to choose one of their Burghers to that Office. The Bailliff of Baden having given him his Oath in the Name of the two Cantons, our Regents have declared that Oath to be null and void, have forbidden the Bailliff and other Officers to admit him to act in any manner as Lieutenant-Bailliff, and have signified to the said Bailliff that he shall be answerable for administring the Oath to that Person, in Breach of what was stipulated by the Conventions in 1713. Our Regents have likewise written to those of Zurich, that to prevent the like Disputes for the future, they are disposed to make a Proposal for dividing the Conquered Territories; and those of Zurich have answered, that they are desirous to see such a Proposal as may suit the Interests of both Cantons.

Vienna, Oct. 7. Letters from the Camp before Temeswaer relate, that on the 25th of last Month our Men worked hard on the Bridges or Galleries over the Ditch of the Palank; and Dispositions were made for giving an Assault the next Day; but those Galleries were ruined by the Fire of the Besieged, and the Water in the Ditch was raised

ſed by the ſwelling of the River Bega which runs into it: That Day an Ingenier was killed. On the 26th a new Battery of ſix Mortars and two Culverines was made, and Men were ſet to work again on the Galleries, and to make Drains to leſſen the Water in the Ditch. The ſame Day General Palſi having ſent out a Number of Forragers, the Beſieged made a Sally with Horſe and Foot on his Quarter; but were immediately driven back into the Place with Loſs. The four following Days were ſpent in repairing and enlarging the Bridges and Galleries, and in preparing for the Aſſault, which was retarded by the Enemies Fire, by their raiſing the Water in the Ditch by Sluyces on the Bega, and by violent Rains: In the mean Time the Body of the Infidels which had advanced to throw Succours into the Place, durſt not return to attempt it a ſecond Time. On the 1ſt the Aſſault was given, the Beſieged made a deſperate Defence, the Action was bloody, but our Men behaving themſelves with the utmoſt Bravery, entred the Breaches after a hard Diſpute, and made themſelves Maſters of the Palank. The great Difficulty was to paſs the Ditch, which is not wide, but was full of Water; the Beſieged had burnt ſeveral Bridges which had been laid over it, and on the Day of the Aſſault two of the three Bridges were broken. Prince Alexander of Wirtemberg who commanded the Attack, was wounded by a Stone from a Mortar, and by the burſting of a Bomb, which has alſo made him deaf; and Prince Frederick his Brother was ſlightly wounded. General Broune was wounded mortally. 'Twas reckoned the Place cannot hold out 10 Days after the taking of the Palank.

Copenhagen, Oct. 13. The Ruſſian Troops, which have been all ſome Days imbarked, are ſtill detained here by contrary Winds.

Gohre, Oct. 14. His Britannick Majeſty being come hither to take the Diverſion of the Seaſon, was out a Stag Hunting on the 12th, and alſo this Morning; and His Majeſty (bleſſed be God) is in perfect Health.

The Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms having received a Letter by the General Poſt, ſubſcribed R. D. B. V. complaining of the Neglect of ſome Officers in that Revenue; do hereby give Notice, That if the Perſons who ſent that Letter, will lay before the Board the Proofs they have of the Matters alledg'd in the ſaid Letter, they ſhall have all fit Encouragement.

Advertiſements.

THE Commiſſion of Bankrupt iſſued out againſt William Johnſton, late of the Devizes, in the County of Wilts Chapman, is ſuperſeded by my Lord Chancellor's Order of the 19th of June, 1716. Which Superſedeas is ſince paſſed the Great Seal.

THE Commiſſioners in a renewed Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Edmund Seaman, late of Froom, in the County of Somerſet, Mercer, intend to meet on the 31ſt of October Inſtant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guild-hall, London, to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt James Wayte, late of London, Merchant, have certified to the Right Honourable William Lord Cowper, Baron of Wingham, Lord High-Chancellor of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; this is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the laid Acts direct, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 5th of November next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Rowland Lilly, of the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, Groſer, have certified to the Right Honourable William Lord Cowper, Baron of Wingham, Lord High-Chancellor of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the late Acts of Parliament made againſt Bankrupts; this is to give Notice, That his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Acts direct, unleſs cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 5th of November next.

DR. Stoughton's great Cordial Elixir; which, for all Ailments of the Stomach, and Impurities of the Blood, as Scurvies, Dropſies, &c. excel's any one Preparation that ever was made; 'tis the moſt pleaſant Bitter in the World; moſt Gentlemen drink it in Wine, Ladies in Tea, and others in Beer, Ale Cyder, &c. now famous throughout moſt Parts of Europe; few go to Sea, or travel without it. Merchants ſend great Quantities abroad, and moſt Captains and Maſters of Ships take it with them; it ſelling beyond Sea at a great Price, and there is gain for large Profit. The Virtues and Effects of which are ſufficiently known, and in the Bills with it, particularly deſcribed, being in French, Dutch and Spaniſh, as well as Engliſh, prepared only by the ſaid Dr. Stoughton in Bartholomew-Lane, near the Royal Exchange. It often gives preſent Eaſe in the Gout, eſpecially if in the Stomach or Bowels, taken in ſtrong Mountain Wine, and a double Doſe.

Printed by *S. Buckley* in *Amen Corner*. 1716.